LOS ANGELES | 515 South Flower Street Redwood City Suite 1100 New York Los Angeles, CA 90071 San Francisco Telephone (213) 312-2000 San Jose | Facsimile (213) 312-2001 www.ropers.com



Truc M. Luu (213) 312-2078 tluu@ropers.com

November 30, 2005

VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL

Commissioner for Trademarks, P.O. Box 1451, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1451

Re:

Opposition No. 91167057

Dear Commission of Trademarks:

Enclosed herewith please find the following:

- Applicant's Answer to Notice of Opposition; 1.
- 2. Motion for Suspension of Proceeding Pending Outcome of Federal Civil Action:
- 3. Self-addressed, stamped acknowledgement card to indicate receipt of the above referenced documents.

Very truly yours

Ernie E. Price Truc M. Luu

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Trademarks, P.O. Box 1451, Alexandria, Viginia 22/313-1451 on the date shown below:

Truc M. Luu

(Signature)

Free M. Lun November 30, 2005

(Date)

Cc: Gary Tsai TML/ce

12-05-2005

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE)
CORPORATION)
)
Opposer,)
)
v.)
) Opposition No. 91167057
) In re Application Serial No 78/538163
)
KIM SENG COMPANY)
)
)
Applicant.)
<u> </u>)

Commissioner for Trademarks 2900 Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202-3514

APPLICANT'S ANSWER TO NOTICE OF OPPOSITION

Applicant, KIM SENG COMPANY, by and through its counsel, for its Answer to the Notice of Opposition in the above proceeding, states as follows:

- 1. Applicant admits the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Notice of Opposition.
- 2. Applicant admits that USPTO records indicate that the Opposer, by assignment, is the owner of Registration No. 2046157 for its "Que Huong" mark for MEAT, SAUSAGE, PATE, HAM and PORK SKIN in International Class 029, issued on March 18, 1997. Applicant has insufficient knowledge or information as to the truth of

the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 2 of the Notice of Opposition and therefore denies them.

- 3. Applicant admits that USPTO records indicate Registration No. 2046157 became incontestable on or about February 21, 2003.
- 4. Applicant admits that USPTO records indicate an assignment of Registration No. 2046157 to Opposer was recorded with the USPTO on June 22, 2000 and is located at Reel 2103, Frame 0051 in the Trademark Office's records.
- 5. Applicant has insufficient knowledge or information as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 5 of the Notice of Opposition and therefore denies them.
- 6. Applicant denies the allegations of Paragraph 6 of the Notice of Opposition.
- 7. Applicant denies the allegations of Paragraph 7 of the Notice of Opposition. Applicant's mark is for general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products, whereas Opposer's goods are for refrigerated meat products.
- 8. Applicant has insufficient knowledge or information as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 8 of the Notice of Opposition and therefore denies them.
- 9. Applicant has insufficient knowledge or information as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 9 of the Notice of Opposition and therefore denies them.
- 10. Applicant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Notice of Opposition.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

In further answer to Opposer's Notice of Opposition, Applicant asserts that:

Affirmative Defense No. 1:

The Notice of Opposition fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

Affirmative Defense No. 2:

Opposer was aware of Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a long time, but failed to make any claim or assert any objection to such use. Accordingly, Opposer's claims are barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of acquiescence.

Affirmative Defense No. 3:

Opposer was aware of Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a long time, but failed to make any claim or assert any objection to such use. Accordingly, Opposer has waived its rights to the relief in the Notice of Opposition by its own acts, conduct and omissions.

Affirmative Defense No. 4:

Opposer was aware of Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a long time, but failed to make any claim or assert any objection to such use. Accordingly, Opposer's claims are barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of laches.

Affirmative Defense No. 5:

Opposer was aware of Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a long time, but failed to make any claim or assert any objection to such use. Accordingly, Opposer's claims are barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of estoppel.

Affirmative Defense No. 6:

Opposer was aware of Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a long time, but failed to make any claim or assert any objection to such use. Accordingly, Opposer's claims are barred in whole or in part by the doctrine of waiver.

Affirmative Defense No. 7:

Applicant's use of the mark "Que Huong" in connection with general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products is consistent with prior rights granted to Applicant for registered trademarks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982, both of which are incontestable. Accordingly, Opposer's claims are barred due to Applicant's consistent use of the mark for general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products similar to those for it's incontestable marks.

Affirmative Defense No. 8:

Upon information and belief, the Opposer's alleged trademark is in common use by third parties unrelated to the Applicant and should receive only narrow, if any, coverage.

Affirmative Defense No. 9:

Upon information and belief, the Opposer's alleged trademark is being used to compete with and harass Applicant.

Affirmative Defense No. 10:

The respective goods of the parties have been sold concurrently in commerce in the United States for over fifteen (15) years and, to date, no instances of actual confusion have been reported to Applicant. On information and belief, due to Opposer's failure to assert actual confusion in the Notice of Opposition, it is believed that Opposer has similarly not encountered any such instances of actual confusion in the over fifteen (15) years of concurrent use of the respective marks of the parties. Under the circumstances, owing to the absence of any reported actual confusion for over fifteen years (15) of concurrent use, it is submitted that confusion between the respective marks of the parties as used for their respective goods is unlikely to occur.

Affirmative Defense No. 11:

Applicant reserves the right to rely on such other and further affirmative defenses as may be supported by the facts to be determined through full and complete discovery and to amend their Answer to assert such affirmative defenses.

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WHEREFORE, Applicant denies that Opposer is entitled to the relief which it seeks, and Applicant affirmatively asserts that it is entitled to registration of the mark "Que Huong" on the Principal Register of the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Therefore, Applicant requests the dismissal of Opposer's Opposition No. 91167057, with prejudice, and that Applicant be rewarded such other and further relief as the Trademark Trial and Appeal Board deems proper.

Dated: November 30, 2005

Respectfully, submitted.

Bv:

ERNEST E. PRICE (SBN 163391)

TRUC M. LUU (SBN 227576)

ROPERS, MAJÈSKI, KOHN & BENTLEY

515 South Flower Street, Suite 1100

Los Angeles, CA 90071
Telephone: (213) 312-2000
Facsimile: (213) 312-2001
Email: eprice@ropers.com
Email: tluu@ropers.com
Attorneys for Applicant

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Trademarks, P.O. Box 1451, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1451 on the date shown below:

Truc M. Luu

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M. LIIU

(Signature)

Nov. 30, 2005

(Date)

LA/205658.1/TML

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LA/195630.1/CE1

1	CASE	NAME:	DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION v. KIM SENG COMPANY
2	ACTIO	N NO.:	CV 05-3635 GPS (JTLx)
3			PROOF OF SERVICE
4		I am a citi	izen of the United States. My business address is 515 South Flower Street, Suite
5	1100, L	os Angele	es, CA 90071. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles where this service r the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within cause. I am readily familiar
6 7	with my mailing	employe with the	er's normal business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for U.S. Postal Service, and that practice is that correspondence is deposited with ervice the same day as the day of collection in the ordinary course of business.
8 9		On the da	te set forth below, following ordinary business practice, I served a true copy of cument(s) described as:
10			APPLICANT'S ANSWER TO NOTICE OF OPPOSITION
	×	(BY FA	X) by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the
11		this dat	nber(s) set forth below, or as stated on the attached service list, on the before 5:00 p.m.
12 13	X	(BY MA	AIL) I caused such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid to ed in the United States mail at Los Angeles, California.
14		(BY PE this date	RSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressee(s).
15 16		overnigl	YERNIGHT DELIVERY) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered to an hit delivery carrier with delivery fees provided for, addressed to the s) on whom it is to be served.
17			GARY J. NELSON
18			CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE P. O. Box 7068
19			Pasadena, CA 91109-7068
20	×	(Federal	I) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of at whose direction the service was made.
21	I	Executed of	on November 30, 2005, at Los Angeles, California.
22			Carmela Eleas
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE TRADEMARK TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION))
Opposer,))
v.)) Opposition No. 91167057) In re Application Serial No 78/538163
KIM SENG COMPANY)))
Applicant.)) _)

Commissioner for Trademarks 2900 Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202-3514

3

MOTION FOR SUSPENSION OF PROCEEDING PENDING OUTCOME OF FEDERAL CIVIL ACTION

Applicant, KIM SENG COMPANY, by and through its counsel, requests suspension of the foregoing proceeding pursuant to 37 CFR § 2.117(a). In support of its motion, the Applicant states the following:

On April 13, 2005, the opposer DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE
 CORPORATION, filed a Complaint in Los Angeles Superior Court, Central Division
 for several causes of action, including trademark infringement of the term "Que Huong".
 Applicant removed the action under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 on May 16, 2005 to the United

LA/205591.1/TML

States District Court, for the Central District of California, Case No. CV 05-3635 GPS (JTLx) ("the Civil Action"). The Complaint is attached as "Exhibit A".

- 2. On May 20, 2005, Applicant answered the Complaint and counterclaimed for Declaratory Relief ("the Declaratory Action"). The Answer and Counterclaim are attached as "Exhibit B". The Declaratory Relief action seeks the determination of several issues, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - A. That Applicant's use of the words "Que Huong" in connection with the sale of general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products based on registered trademarks QUE HUONG,

 Registration No. 2099092 and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand,

 Registration No. 2311982 (both of which are incontestable), does not infringe any valid rights Opposer may have in or to the words "Que Huong";
 - B. That Applicant's use of the words "Que Huong" in connection with either of its registered trademarks, does not constitute unfair competition;
 - C. That Applicant's rights in and to the words "Que Huong" are superior to the rights, if any, of Opposer, at least with respect to certain goods and channels of trade;
 - D. That Opposer's objections to Applicant's use of the words "Que Huong" in connection with the sale of general, non-refrigerated

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- (vacuum-packed), shelf food products are barred by the doctrine of laches, waiver and estoppel; and
- E. That Opposer's objections to the words "Que Huong" are barred because Opposer has acquiesced in Applicant's use of those words in connection with the sale of general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products for a period of more than fifteen (15) years.
- 3. Suspension requests are routinely granted if the final determination of another proceeding will have a bearing on the issues before the Board. See e.g. General Motors Corp. v. Cadillac Club Fashions, 22 USPQ2d 1933 (TTAB 1992); Toro Co. v. Hardigg Industries, Inc., 187 USPQ 689 (TTAB 1975), rev'd on other grounds, 549 F.2d 785, 193 USPQ 149 (CCPA 1977).
- 4. The Civil and Declaratory Action was filed because a justiciable controversy exists between the parties. In addition to the Opposition, which states a prima facie case for trademark infringement as outlined in 15 U.S.C. 1114(1), Opposer has filed suit against Applicant for trademark infringement, despite the fact that Applicant's use of the words "Que Huong" is pursuant to registered trademarks issued by the USPTO to Applicant for QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982; both marks are incontestable; and Applicant's use of both marks is for general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products, whereas Opposer's use of it's own mark is for refrigerated meat products. Applicant's current trademark application 78/538163 is consistent with its prior uses for

general, non-refrigerated (vacuum-packed), shelf food products. These acts give rise to Applicant's real and reasonable apprehension that Opposer intends to prevent Applicant from using its QUE HUONG mark in the U.S. and worldwide.

- 5. Suspension of this proceeding would promote judicial economy. The Civil Action involves claims which cannot be raised before the Board, including a claim that Applicant's use of the "Que Huong" mark does not infringe Opposer's alleged mark. Thus, a continuation of this proceeding would only delay, without compensating benefits, the inevitable—a final disposition of this matter before a court.
- 6. Moreover, the decision of the district court is binding upon the Board, while the decision of the Board is not binding upon the district court. *Sonora Cosmetics, Inc. v. L'Oreal S.A.*, 631 F. Supp. 626, 629 (SD NY 1986) (It is preferable for the TTAB to stay its own proceedings where parallel litigation occurs in the district court.) *citing The Other Telephone Co. v. Connecticut National Telephone Co.*, 181 USPQ 779, 782 (Com'r 1974), *aff'd*, 795 F.2d 1005 (2nd Cir. 1986); *Continental Connector Corp. v. Continental Specialities Corp.*, 413 F.Supp. 1347 (D. Conn 1976) ("The proceedings and determinations of the PTO are of limited importance in a federal court proceeding...when registration decisions are litigated in a district...the proceeding is virtually de novo...").
- 7. Finally, because the opposition proceeding is in its early stages, neither party has engaged in discovery at this time, a stay would not prejudice or unduly burden either party.

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Based on the foregoing and because further trial court action is inevitable in this case, Applicant respectfully requests that Opposition No. 91167057 be suspended pending the Civil and Declaratory Action in the United States District Court, for the Central District of California, Case No. CV 05-3635 GPS (JTLx).

Dated: November 30, 2005

Respectfully submitted

Bv: ERNEST E. PRICE (SBN 163391) TRUC M. LUU (SBN 227576)

ROPERS, MAJESKI, KOHN & BENTLEY

515 South Flower Street, Suite 1100

Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 312-2000 Facsimile: (213) 312-2001 Email: eprice@ropers.com Email: tluu@ropers.com Attorneys for Applicant

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Trademarks, P.O. Box 1451, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1451 on the date shown below:

Truc	M.	Lm	ī

(Signature), November 30, 7005

(Date)

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	SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)	FOR COURT LIST ONLY (SULD PARK USD DE LA CORTE)
1	NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO): KIM SENG COMPANY, a California corporation; and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive	
•	YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTA DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE): DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION dba GREAT RIVER FOOD, a California corporation	
	You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on your copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you, Your written response court to hear your case. There may be a sourt farm that you can use for your response. You conformation at the California Courts Online Self-Melp Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/asifinelp), nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court cark for a fee waiver form, if you dious the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away, if you cattorney referral service, if you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal attorney referral service, if you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal attorney referral services these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services was alto (worder Online Self-Melp Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/asifinelp), or by contacting your local or casts corts y has or que se entrague une copie al demandants. Une casts a use literate least corts y has or que se entrague une copie al demandants. Une casts a use literate least least corts y has informed contact or casts corts y has a respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corts y más informed contacto pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corta que le dé un formulario su respuesta a tiempo, punde perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su hay otros requisitos legales. El recomendatio que llame a un abogado impediatemente servicio de rentellon a abogados. El no puede pagar a un abogado, es papible que cumpla california Legal Services (www.lawhalpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de les Cortes el California Legal Services (www.lawhalpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de les Cortes de California Legal Services (www.lawhalpcalifornia.org), en contacto	must be in proper legal form if you want the can find these court forms and more your county law library, or the countrouse o not file your response on time, you may warning from the pourt. It not know an attorney, you may want to call an ervices from a nonprofit legal services we law help estimated from a nonprofit legal services we law help estimated from a nonprofit legal services we law help estimated for each of the California court or country bar association. The possible que haye un formulate por escrito bidnics no lo proteges. Su respuests por escrito for en el Centro de Ayuda más carra. Si no en el Centro de Ayuda más carra. Si no en el carte que le quada más carra. Si no has carte do pago de auetas. Si no presenta a sualdo, dinero y bienes sin más advertancia, on los requisitos para obtener espricios on los requisitos para obtener espricios os grupos sin finos de lucro en el atito vente de
(El mambra y dirección de la corte es):	CASE HUMISER: INSIMBLE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY
7 (1	Augerior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles 11 N. Hill Street 12 Angeles, CA 90012 The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attempy, or plaintiff without an attempt to make, le direction y el número de telefono del abogado del demandante, o del dema 20 Angeles of Gary Freedman - Gary Freedman (SBN 49922)	ndenie que no tiene aboasdo, est-
	STOWNE & Woods LLP - Peter W. Ross (SBN 109741 150 N. Robburg Dr. 7th Fl., Bever Hills, CA 9021	.) LO; T: (310) 274-7100
	Fochs) (Secretario) (Secretario) (Secretario) (Secretario)	D.M. SWAIN (Adjunto
ή.	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served 1. as an individual defendant. 2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of	² OS-010)).
	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.80 (minor)

SUMMONS

CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)

OCP 416.40 (association or partnership)

Dinar (specify): by parsonal delivery on (date):

> Page 1 of 1 Dods of Civil Procedure \$5 412.20, 485

CCP 416.70 (conservate)

CCP 418.80 (authorized person)

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ORIGINAL FILED LAW OFFICES OF GARY FREEDMAN Gary Freedman (State Bar No. 49922) 2 1149 Third Street, Sulte 200 APR 1 3 2005 Santa Monica, California 90403 LOS ANGELES 3 Telephone: (310) 576-2444 Fax: (310) 576-2440 SUPERIOR COURT 4 **BROWNE & WOODS LLP** Peter W. Ross (State Bar No. 109741) N. Kemba Extavour (State Bar No. 188513) 5 450 North Roxbury Drive, Seventh Floor 6 Beverly Hills, California 90210-4231 Telephone: (310) 274-7100 Fax: (310) 275-5697 7 Attorneys for Plaintiff Derek & Constance Lee 8 Corporation dba Great River Food 9 10 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 11 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 12 BC331792 **DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE** 13 Case No. CORPORATION dba GREAT RIVER FOOD, 14 a California corporation. COMPLAINT FOR: 15 Plaintiff. (1) TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT [15 U.S.C. § 1114(1); 18 Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 14320(a)(1)]; 17 KIM SENG COMPANY, a California corporation; and DOES 1 through 10, TRADEMARK DILUTION [15 (2)18 inclusive. U.S.C. § 1125(c); Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 14330]; 19 Defendants. (3) FALSE DESIGNATION OF 20 ORIGIN [15 U.S.C. 1125(a)]; and 21 (4) UNFAIR COMPETITION [Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code 22 §§ 17200 et seg. and common aw] 23 24 25 26 27 28 COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION. 135533. FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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Plaintiff Derek & Constance Lee Corporation doa Great River Food, as and for its complaint against Defendant Kim Seng Company and Does 1 through 10, alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- Plaintiff Derek & Constance Lee Corporation dba Great River Food ("Plaintiff" 1. or "Great River Food") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, with its principal place of business in this judicial district.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant Kim 2. Seng Company ("Kim Seng") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Kim Seng is qualified to do business, and is doing business, in this judicial district.
- Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities of defendants named 3. herein as Does 1 through 10, inclusive, but is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of the fictitiously named defendants engaged in, or is in some manner responsible for, the wrongful conduct alleged herein. Plaintiff therefore sues these defendants by such fictitious names and will amend this complaint to state their true names and capacities when such names have been discovered.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes that in doing the acts alleged herein, each of 4. the defendants was the agent, principal, employee, representative, or alter ego of the other defendants and/or acted with one or more of the other defendants' knowledge, consent, and approval, and acted within the course and acops of his agency or representative capacity. As such, each of the defendants is responsible for the actions of the other defendants, as alleged herein.

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

From Access Insurance Services, Inc. To: Commercial Claims Dept.

Date: 4/21/2005 Time: 12:23:48 PM

Page 15 of 25

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 5. Since June 1, 1986, Plaintiff has continuously been in the business of manufacturing and distributing Asian food products under the trademark QUE HUONG, a foreign phrase meaning "hometown". Plaintiff registered QUE HUONG as Plaintiff's trademark in the United States Patent and Trademark Office on March 18, 1997, under Registration No. 2046157, in International Class 29 and United States Class 46 for the following products: meat, sausage, pate, ham, and pork skin. (Plaintiff obtained ownership of the trademark registration by written assignment from Plaintiff's predecessor, Great River Food Corporation.) Plaintiff continues to own the registration, which is, and continues to be, in full force and effect. A copy of Plaintiff's trademark registration is appended hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated herein by this reference. Plaintiff has never licensed the trademark to Defendants, or any of them. Nor has Plaintiff agreed that any Defendant can use QUE HUONG or any confusingly similar mark.
- 6. Plaintiff has advertised and sold Aslan food products bearing the QUE HUONG trademark throughout the United States since June 1986. As a result, since 1986, consumers have come to accept and recognize QUE HUONG as a trademark identifying Plaintiffs products. Further, as a result of Plaintiffs sales and advertising, the QUE HUONG mark has become and remains famous since the late 1980s. Plaintiffs trademark has thus become, and is, a valuable asset of Plaintiff symbolizing Plaintiff, its quality goods, and its goodwill.
- 7. Defendant Kim Seng is a trading company that, among other things, buys and sells food products. Defendant Kim Seng is a former distributor of Plaintiff's products. In particular, Defendant purchased and resold to consumers Plaintiff's QUE HUONG food products in the mid-1980s until the early 1990s.
- 8. Plaintiff is Informed and believes and thereon alleges that in the late 1980s or early 1890s Defendants recognized the consumer awareness and goodwill associated with Plaintiff's QUE HUONG trademark, and Defendants conspired to usurp that goodwill for

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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themselves by selling, without the permission or knowledge of Plaintiff, Asian food products under the trade name QUE HUONG and OLD MAN QUE HUONG BRAND (collectively "Defendants' Marks"). Acting pursuant to this conspiracy, in or about March 1993, Kim Seng commenced marketing in interstate commerce its own line of Asian food products under Defendants' Marks.

- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that, as a result of 9. Defendants' use of Defendants' Marks, consumers are likely to be, and in fact have been confused, as to the source of Defendants' goods, and have bought those goods on the assumption that they were manufactured or distributed by Plaintiff.
- On or about January 18, 2005, Plaintiff, by letter, advised Defendant Kim 10. Seng of Plaintiff's ownership of the trademark QUE HUONG and the registration therefor which established that Plaintiff first used that mark in commerce in September 1986, years before Defendants used its marks. Plaintiff further requested that Defendant immediately cease and desist from further use of the name QUE HUONG. Defendant Kim Seng has failed and refused, and continues to fail and refuse, to comply with Plaintiff's request.
- Plaintiff is Informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the 11. Defendants has received a direct financial banefit from the infringement of Plaintiff's trademark in an amount that is unknown to Plaintiff.
- Plaintiff is Informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants' Asian 12. food products are inferior in quality to Plaintiff's Asian food products, and consumers who have purchased Defendants' products, believing them to be Plaintiff's, have been disappointed by the quality of those products. As a result, Defendants' sale and distribution of products under Defendants' Marks have damaged and will continue to damage Plaintitf's reputation.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendants' sale 13. and distribution of Asian food products under Defendants' Marks brand have also damaged Plaintiff in that Plaintiff has lost sales and profits.

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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Defendants' acts have caused and will continue to cause irreparable harm 14. and injury to Plaintiff for which Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law. Accordingly, Defendants should be enjoined and restrained during the pendancy of this action and permanently thereafter, from directly or indirectly manufacturing, distributing, importing, exporting, advertising, offering for sale or selling any products bearing the words QUE HUONG as part or all of its mark. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, Plaintiff is therefore entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction against Defendants' continuing acts of infringement. Plaintiff is further entitled to an order impounding and destroying all infringing products in Defendants' possession, custody or control.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against all Defendants for Trademark Infringement, 15 U.S.C. § 1114(1))

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every 15. allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 14, inclusive.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that, in or around the 16. late 1980s or early 1990s, Defendants began to sell and offer for sale Asian food products under Defendants' Marks.
- 17. Defendants are not now, and never have been, authorized by Plaintiff to use Plaintiff's trademark QUE HUONG or any confusingly similar mark in connection with the marketing and/or sale of Defendants' goods.
- Defendants' use of the words QUE HUONG is likely to cause confusion, mistake, and/or deception among consumers as to the source, quality, and nature of Defendants' goods,
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges, that, as a proximate 19. result of the unfair advantage accruing to Defendants' business from deceptively trading on Plaintiff's advertising, sales, and consumer recognition, Defendants have made substantial sales and profits in amounts to be established according to proof.

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COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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As a proximate result of the unfair advantage accruing to Defendants' 20. business from deceptively trading on Plaintiff's advertising, sales, and consumer recognition, Plaintiff has been damaged and deprived of substantial sales of its food products and has been deprived of the value of its trademark as a commercial asset, in amounts to be established according to proof.

- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, unless restrained 21. by the Court, Defendants will continue to infringe Plaintiff's trademark, thus engendering a multiplicity of judicial proceedings, and that pecuniary compensation will not afford Plaintiff adequate relief for the damage to its trademark in the public perception. Further, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that in the absence of injunctive relief, customérs are likely to continue being mistaken or deceived as to the true source, origin, sponsorship, and affiliation of Defendants' goods.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants' acts were committed, and continue to be committed, with actual notice of Plaintlit's exclusive rights and with an intent to cause injury to the reputation and goodwill associated with Plaintiff and its products. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to recover three times its actual damages or three times Defendants' profits, whichever is greater, together with Plaintiff's attorneys' fees. In addition, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1118, Plaintill is entitled to an order requiring destruction of all infringing products and promotional materials in Defendants' possession.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against all Defendants for Trademark Dilution, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)

- 23. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 22, inclusive,
- 24. Prior to Defendants' use of the mark QUE HUONG, that mark had become distinctive and famous.

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	20.	As a proximate result of the unfair advantage accruing to Defendants'
ieud	ness fro	m deceptively trading on Plaintiff's advertising, sales, and consumer
		Plaintiff has been damaged and deprived of substantial sales of its food
		d has been deprived of the value of its trademark as a commercial asset, is
		pe established according to proof,

- 21. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that, unless restrained by the Court, Defendants will continue to infringe Plaintiff's trademark, thus engendering a multiplicity of judicial proceedings, and that pecuniary compensation will not afford Plaintiff adequate relief for the damage to its trademark in the public perception. Further, Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that in the absence of injunctive relief, customérs are likely to continue being mistaken or deceived as to the true source, origin, sponsorship, and affiliation of Defendants' goods.
- 22. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants' acts were committed, and continue to be committed, with actual notice of Plaintiff's exclusive rights and with an intent to cause injury to the reputation and goodwill associated with Plaintiff and its products. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to recover three times its actual damages or three times Defendants' profits, whichever is greater, together with Plaintiff's attorneys' fees. In addition, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1118, Plaintiff is entitled to an order requiring destruction of all infringing products and promotional materials in Defendants' possession.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against all Defendants for Trademark Dilution, 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)

- 23. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 22, inclusive.
- 24. Prior to Defendants' use of the mark QUE HUONG, that mark had become distinctive and famous.

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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	25.	Defendants' acts have lessened the capacity of Plaintiff's famous QUE
HUO	NG mar	k to identify and distinguish Plaintiff's goods. Defendants' acts have blurred
		sociation which has heretofore existed between Plaintiff's QUE HUONG mark
		anufactured by Plaintiff.

- 26. By reason of Defendants' acts, Plaintiff has suffered, and will suffer, damage to its business, reputation, and goodwill, and the loss of sales and profits in an amount to be established according to proof.
- 27. Plaintiff is without an adequate remedy at law in that the continuing nature of Defendants' acts of infringement and dilution will cause severe and irreparable injury that cannot be adequately measured or compensated by damages. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1116, Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendants' continuing acts of infringement and dilution.
- 28. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that in engaging in the above described conduct, Defendants wilfully intended to trade on Plaintiff's reputation and/or to cause dilution of Plaintiff's trademark QUE HUONG. Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(b), Plaintiff is entitled to recover three times its actual damages or three times Defendants' profits, whichever is greater, together with Plaintiff's attorneys' fees. In addition, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1118, Plaintiff is entitled to an order requiring destruction of all infringing products and promotional materials in Defendants' possession.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against all Defendants for False Designation of Origin, 15 U.S.C.§ 1125(a))

- 29. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 28, inclusive.
- 30. Defendants have caused goods to enter into interstate commerce under Defendants' Marks. Said uses of QUE HUONG are false designations of origin which are likely to cause confusion and mistake and to deceive consumers as to the affiliation,

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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connection, or association of Defendants with Plaintiff and as to the origin, sponsorship, or approval of such goods by Plaintiff.

- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that as a proximate 31. result of Defendants' false designation of the origin of their goods, Plaintiff has been damaged and Defendants have earned profits in amounts that will be established at the trial of this action.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that unless restrained by 32. this Court, Defendents will continue to designate falsely the origin of their goods, causing irreparable damage to Plaintiff and engendering a multiplicity of lawsuits. Further, pecuniary compensation will not afford Plaintiff adequate relief for its resulting damages.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against All Defendants For Trademark infringement and Dilution Under California Law)

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every 33. allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 32, inclusive.
- Defendants' conduct, as alleged hereinabove, violates sections 14320 and 34. 14330 of the California Business and Professions Code. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants engaged in the above described acts with the intent of causing confusion or mistake. Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to recover Defendants' profits and Plaintiff's damages, according to proof.
- Plaintiff is without an adequate remedy at law in that the continuing nature of 35. Defendants' acts of infringement and dilution will cause severe and irreparable injury which cannot be completely or adequately measured or compensated by damages. Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctions enjoining Defendants' continuing acts of infringement and dilution.

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FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Against all Defendants for Statutory and Common Law Unfair Competition)

- Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference each and every allegation set forth above in paragraphs 1 through 35, inclusive.
- Defendants' conduct as alleged hereinabove, constitutes unfair, unlawful, and fraudulent business practices prohibited by §§ 17200 et seq. and §§ 17500 et seq. of the California Business & Professions Code.
- 38. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law for the injury that will be caused by Defendants' acts of unfair competition and/or fraudulant business practices. Accordingly, Plaintiff is entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctions restraining Defendants, their officers, agents, and employees, and all persons acting in concert with them, from further engaging in acts of unfair competition and/or fraudulent business acts against Plaintiff and its products.
- 39. Defendants' conduct, as alleged hereinabove, also constitutes acts of unfair competition under California common law. These acts have caused Plaintiff to lose profits and additional damage to Plaintiffs reputation and goodwill. The precise amount of Plaintiff's damages is presently unknown but will be established according to proof.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that as a direct and 40. proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct as described above, Defendants have gained property and revenues properly belonging to Plaintiff.
- 41. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants committed the foregoing acts with the Intention of depriving Plaintiff of its legal rights, with oppression, fraud, and/or malice, and in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff is, therefore, entitled to an award of exemplary damages, according to proof.

COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF DRIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief against Defendants as follows:

- For preliminary and permanent injunctions enjoining and restraining Defendants, their agents, employees, representatives, partners, joint venturers and/or anyone acting on behalf of, or in concert with, Defendants, or any of them, from:
- importing, shipping, delivering, selling, marketing, displaying, advertising, or promoting any goods that bear the trademark QUE HUONG or OLD MAN QUE HUONG BRAND or any other mark so similar to Plaintiff's trademark QUE HUONG as to create a likelihood of confusion, mistake, or deception; and/or
- representing or implying, directly or indirectly, to retailers, customers, B. _ distributors, licensees, or any other customers or potential customers for Defendants' products that they originate with, are sponsored, endorsed, or licensed by, or are otherwise associated or affiliated with Plaintiff;
- 2. For an order requiring the destruction of all Defendants' infringing goods and all marketing, advertising, or promotional materials depicting Defendants' infringing goods;
- 3. For an accounting of all profits obtained by Defendants from sales of the infringing goods and an order that Defendants hold all such profits in constructive trust for the benefit of Plaintiff;
- For an award to Plaintiff of all profits earned by Defendants from the sale of 4. infringing goods:
- For restitution to Plaintiff of all property and revenues obtained by Defendants 5. through their acts of unfair competition;
 - 6. For statutory damages according to proof;
 - 7. For compensatory damages according to proof;
 - For exemplary and multiple damages according to proof, 8.
 - 9. For an award of attorneys' fees;

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1	10.	For costs of suit incurred in	nerein; and
2	11.	For such other and further	relief as the Court deems just and proper.
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4	Dated: April	113, 2005	LAW OFFICES OF GARY FREEDMAN
5			BROWNE & WOODS LLP
6	j		Peter W. Ross N. Kemba Extavour
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8			By Uiu.
9			Peter W. Ross
10		·	Attorneys for Plaintiff Derek & Constance Lee Corporation dba Great River Food
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COMPLAINT FOR TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT, TRADEMARK DILUTION, FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN, AND UNFAIR COMPETITION

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NO.463 P. 2

Int, CL: 29

Prior U.S. CL: 46.

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Reg. No. 2,846,157

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL DEGISTER

QUÊ HƯƠNG

GREAT EIVER FOOD COMPOSATION (CALL-PORDIA CORPOSATION). DRA CREAT WALL FOOD COMPOSATION ISSUE SAST SAN JOSE AVENUE CCTT OF INDUSTRY, CL. STAN

FOR HEAT, SAUSAGE, PATE, FAM, AND FORE SKIN, IN CLASS TO THE CH. M. FURST USE 6-1-1954 IN COMMERCE
THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF THE

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EXHIBIT A

	A		
1	ERNEST E. PRICE (SBN 163391) TRUC M. LUU (SBN 227576) ROPERS, MAJESKI, KOHN & BENTLEY 515 South Flower Street, Suite 1100 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 312-2000 Facsimile: (213) 312-2001 Email: eprice@ropers.com Email: tluu@ropers.com		
2	ROPERS, MAJESKI, KOHN & BENTLEY 515 South Flower Street, Suite 1100		
3	Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 312-2000		
4	Facsimile: (213) 312-2001 Email: eprice@ropers.com		
5	Email: tluu@ropers.com		
6	Attorneys for Defendant KIM SENG COMPANY A CALIFOR	RNTA	
7	KIM SENG COMPANY, A CALIFOR CORPORATION; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 10, INCLUSIVE		
8		ES DISTRICT COURT	
9	UNITEDSTAT	ES DISTRICT COURT	
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
11			
12	DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE	CASE NO. CV 05-3535 GPS (JTLx)	
13	CORPORATION dba GREAT RIVER FOOD, a California	ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND	
14	corporation,	COUNTER CLAIM	
15	Plaintiff,		
16	v.		
17	KIM SENG COMPANY, a California corporation; and DOES 1	Honorable George P. Schiavilli	
18	through 10, inclusive,		
19	Defendant.		
20		•	
21	Defendant KIM SENG COMPANY ("KIM SENG"), by and through its		
22	counsel of record, hereby submits its Answer and Affirmative Defenses to the		
23	Complaint by DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION dba GREAT		
24	RIVER FOOD ("Plaintiff") and counter-claims, as follows:		
25		PARTIES	
26	1. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a		
27		of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the	
28	allegations contained therein.		
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	ANSWER TO COMP	PLAINT & COUNTER CLAIM	

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- 2. Admitted.
- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a 3. belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

ANSWER TO GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- KIM SENG admits that Plaintiff manufactures and distributes Asian 5. food products under the trademark QUE HUONG, a foreign phrase meaning, among other things, "hometown". KIM SENG admits that the mark QUE HUONG has a registration date of March 18, 1997 under Registration No. 2046157, in International Class 29 and United States Class 48 for the following products: meat, sausage, pate, ham, and pork skin. Exhibit "A" of the Complaint is a document that speaks for itself, and characterizations of that document are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the other allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis they are denied.
- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a 6. belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- KIM SENG admits that it buys and sells food products. KIM SENG is 7. without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the other allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis they are denied.
- 8. The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG are denied. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or

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information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 10. KIM SENG admits it received a letter on or about January 18, 2005 from Plaintiffs. KIM SENG denies that this letter requested KIM SENG immediately cease and desist from further use of the mark QUE HUONG. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the other allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis they are denied.
- 11. The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- KIM SENG denies that its food products are inferior in quality to Plaintiffs' Asian food products. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the other allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis they are denied.
- 13. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require 14. no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as

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Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Based on Purported Federal Trademark Infringement)

- In answering paragraph 15 of the Complaint, KIM SENG incorporates 15. by reference the responses contained herein.
 - 16. Admitted.
- To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern 17. KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 19. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 20. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern LA/195720.1/CE1

other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

- 21. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell it' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 22. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Based on Purported Trademark Dilution)

- 23. In answering paragraph 23 of the Complaint, KIM SENG incorporates by reference the responses contained herein.
- 24. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 25. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a LA/195720.1/CEI 5 -

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belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

- KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require 27. no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Based on Purported False Designation of Origin)

- 29. In answering paragraph 29 of the Complaint, KIM SENG incorporates by reference the responses contained herein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG LA/195720.1/CE1

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are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 31. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 32. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Based on Purported Trademark Infringement and Dilution Under California Law)

- In answering paragraph 33 of the Complaint, KIM SENG incorporates 33. by reference the responses contained herein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 34. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 35. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit LA/195720.1/CE1

"A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Based on Purported Statutory and Common Law Unfair Competition)

- 36. In answering paragraph 36 of the Complaint, KIM SENG incorporates by reference the responses contained herein.
- 37. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 38. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- 39. The allegations of this paragraph are conclusions of law which require

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no response. To the extent facts are alleged, they are denied insofar as they concern KIM SENG. KIM SENG avers that is permitted to sell its' products under the registered marks QUE HUONG, Registration No. 2099092 (Attached as Exhibit "A") and OLDMAN QUE HUONG brand, Registration No. 2311982 (Attached as Exhibit "B"), without approval of Plaintiff. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 40. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.
- The allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern KIM SENG 41. are denied. KIM SENG is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of this paragraph insofar as they concern other defendants, and on that basis denies the allegations and implications of liability contained therein.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

As to the prayer for relief, KIM SENG denies that Plaintiff is entitled to any of the items set forth in the prayer for relief.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim)

Plaintiff's Complaint and each and every purported cause of action 42. contained therein fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.

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SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(First Amendment)

Plaintiff's Complaint and each and every purported cause of action 43. contained therein is barred by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Unfair Competition)

Plaintiff lacks standing to pursue all or some of the relief that it has 44. requested in the instant action because Plaintiff has, before and in furtherance of this litigation, engaged in unfair competition, intimidation, and/or anti-competitive activities calculated to do damage to KIM SENG's business.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Violation of Procedural Due Process)

Plaintiff's Complaint, to the extent that it seeks exemplary or punitive 45. damages pursuant to section 3294 of the Civil Code, violates KIM SENG's right to procedural due process under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution, and the Constitution of the State of California, and therefore fails to state a cause of action upon which either punitive or exemplary damages can be awarded.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Excessive Fines)

Plaintiff's Complaint and each and every purported cause of action 46. contained therein fails since the Complaint, to the extent that it seeks punitive or exemplary damages pursuant to section 3294 of the Civil Code, violates KIM SENG's rights to protection from "excessive fines" as provided in the Eighth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I, Section 17, of the Constitution of the State of California, and violates KIM SENG's rights to substantive due process as provided in the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the - 10 -LA/195720.1/CE1

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United States Constitution and the Constitution of the State of California, and therefore fails to state a cause of action supporting the punitive or exemplary damages claimed.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Insufficient Description of Claims)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 47. information and belief, alleges that said Complaint, and each purported cause of action therein fails, since the Complaint does not describe claims against this answering defendant with sufficient particularity to enable this answering defendant to determine all of the defenses it currently has. This answering defendant therefore reserves the right to assert any defenses which may be applicable to said Complaint once the precise nature of the claims made against this answering defendant or others are determined.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Truth of Statements)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based on such information 48. and belief, alleges that the Complaint and each of its causes of action are barred and fail to state a cause of action because the statements or words, if any, allegedly made by this answering Defendant were/are true.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Opinion)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based on such information 49. and belief, alleges that the Complaint and each of its causes of action are barred and fail to state a cause of action because the statements or words, if any, allegedly made by this answering defendant, were statements of opinion, not fact.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Indemnification and Contribution)

KIM SENG asserts that if it is established that defendant is in any 50.

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manner legally responsible for any of the damages claimed by plaintiff in any of the causes of action in the Complaint, such damages were proximately caused by other persons or entities not yet parties to this action and over whom defendant has no control and defendant is entitled to indemnity or contribution from these other parties.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Set Off)

KIM SENG asserts that if it is established that defendant is in any 51. manner legally responsible for any of the damages claimed by plaintiff in any of the causes of action in the Complaint, defendant is entitled to a set off of these damages with the damages that result from the wrongful acts of plaintiff and/or others.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Comparative Fault)

KIM SENG asserts that any loss, injury, or damage alleged in the 52. Complaint was directly and/or proximately caused and contributed to by the actions of other persons other than defendant, including, but not limited to, plaintiff and their agents, employees, and representatives. Therefore, plaintiff's recovery against defendant, if any, should be reduced in proportion to the percentage of responsibility attributable to persons other than defendant.

TWELVETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Doctrine of Fair Competition)

KIM SENG is barred from any relief in this action under and by virtue 53. of the doctrine of fair competition.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Right to Compete)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 54. information and belief, alleges that each purported cause of action contained in the Complaint against this answering defendant is barred because of defendant's LA/195720.1/CE1

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privilege and right to compete.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Laches)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 55. information and belief, alleges that each purported cause of action contained in the Complaint against this answering defendant is barred by laches.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Acquiescence)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 56. information and belief, alleges that each purported cause of action contained in the Complaint against this answering defendant is barred by the doctrine of laches.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Unclean Hands)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 57. information and belief, alleges that each purported cause of action contained in the Complaint against this answering defendant is barred by Plaintiff's unclean hands.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Statute of Limitations)

KIM SENG is informed and believes, and based upon such 58. information and belief, alleges that each purported cause of action contained in the Complaint against this answering defendant is barred because of the statute of limitations.

COUNTERCLAIM FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

- Counter-Claimant KIM SENG asserts the following counterclaim 59. against Counter-Defendant, GREAT RIVER CORPORATION ("GREAT RIVER").
- The counterclaim alleged by KIM SENG against GREAT RIVER, is 60. for declaratory judgment that KIM SENG has not committed Trademark LA/195720.1/CE1

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Infringement, Trademark Dilution, False Designation of Origin and common law Unfair Competition.

- This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter and personal jurisdiction over the parties by reason of the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2201, § 2202 and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1338 and 15 U.S.C. § 1121.
- This counterclaim is compulsory or permissive under the Federal 62. Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 13.
 - Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391. 63. PARTIES AND GENERAL ALLEGATIONS
- KIM SENG has been accused by GREAT RIVER in the Complaint 64. for Trademark Infringement, Trademark Dilution, False Designation of Origin and common law Unfair Competition.
- GREAT RIVER has created a justiciable controversy with KIM SENG 65. by its claims, charges and allegations stated in the Complaint.
- KIM SENG is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of 66. the State of California, having its principal place of business at 1561 Chapin Road, Montebello, CA 90640.
- KIM SENG is informed and believes that counter-defendant, GREAT 67. RIVER is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, having its principal place of business in the City of Industry, California 91748.
- KIM SENG manufactures, imports, sells and/or distributes in interstate 68. commerce its own line of dry foods and canned and bottled goods with a substantial shelf life, such as rice sticks, rice noodles, fish sauce, and other related products. KIM SENG owns the rights in certain copyrights, trademarks and trade dress associated with these goods.
- As early as January 1988, KIM SENG began using the words QUE 69. HUONG as part of the trademark "OLDMAN QUE HUONG BRAND", together LA/195720.1/CE1

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with a logo, for rice sticks (the "OLDMAN QUE HUONG mark"). The words QUE HUONG are Vietnamese and translate generally to "home country" or "old country".

- On or about January 25, 2000, the OLDMAN QUE HUONG mark was 70. registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") as Registration No. 2311982. A true and correct copy of the registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".
- In or about March 1993, KIM SENG began using the words QUE 71. HUONG alone for rice sticks and fish sauce. On or about September 23, 1997, the mark QUE HUONG was registered in the PTO as Registration No. 2099092. A true and correct copy of the registration is attached hereto as Exhibit "B".
- Since 1993, KIM SENG has used, and continues to use, the term QUE HUONG in interstate commerce in connection with the sale and distribution of a number of other KIM SENG products, in conjunction with its copyrighted logo designs, including for example a logo with a boy on a buffalo.
- KIM SENG is informed and believes that GREAT RIVER operates a meat factory within the Central District of California and that it sells packaged meat products in easily-perishable, refrigerated form.
- KIM SENG and GREAT RIVER each use the words QUE HUONG in 74. connection with the sale and distribution of different products which are sold through different and distinct channels of distribution. In the more than 17 years in which KIM SENG has used the term QUE HUONG for its dry goods and nonperishable food products, KIM SENG has never received any information or claim that any consumer has confused as to the goods of KIM SENG and GREAT RIVER, as originating from the same source.
- The principals of KIM SENG and GREAT RIVER are acquainted with *75.* ⁻ each other. GREAT RIVER has known about KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG for food products for the past 17 years. Despite this knowledge, GREAT LA/195720.1/CE1

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RIVER has never objected to, nor taken any action to restrict KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG until recently.

- KIM SENG does not believe that its use of the term QUE HUONG in connection with the sale and distribution of any of its products, infringes on any valid, enforceable trademark rights of GREAT RIVER. Nevertheless, the accusations and the demands of GREAT RIVER have created an actual controversy within the jurisdiction of this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§2201 and 2202.
- An actual controversy has arisen and now exists between KIM SENG 77. and GREAT RIVER in connection with their respective trademark rights in and to the mark QUE HUONG. KIM SENG contends that:
- GREAT RIVER has no enforceable trademark rights in the term a. QUE HUONG.
- KIM SENG's use of the term QUE HUONG is not likely to **b**. cause confusion, mistake, or deception as to the source, origin, sponsorship, or quality of KIM SENG's goods.
- KIM SENG's use of the term "Que Hong" is not likely to cause confusion as to the source or quality of KIM SENG's goods.
- KIM SENG's use of the term QUE HUONG does not constitute d. trademark infringement, trademark dilution, false designation of origin, or common law unfair competition.
- GREAT RIVER's delay in asserting any objection to KIM e. SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG for a period of approximately twelve (17) years, has caused KIM SENG to change its position to its detriment in reliance on GREAT RIVER's inaction.
- KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG is protected under f. the fair use doctrine.
- KIM SENG's rights in the words QUE HUONG are superior to g. those of GREAT RIVER, at least with respect to certain goods and channels of

distribution.

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KIM SENG is informed and believes that GREAT RIVER disputes the 78. above contentions. Thus, a judicial declaration is necessary and proper so that the parties may ascertain their respective rights and obligations.

WHEREFORE, KIM SENG prays for relief as follows:

- For the entry of a judgment declaring: 1.
- That KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG in a. connection with either of its registered trademarks, as alleged above, or otherwise, does not infringe any valid rights GREAT RIVER may have in or to the words QUE HUONG under the laws of the United States or under the laws of the State of California;
- That KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG in b. connection with either of its registered trademarks, as alleged above, or otherwise, does not constitute unfair competition under the laws of the United States or under the laws of the State of California;
- That KIM SENG's rights in and to the words QUE HUONG are superior to the rights, if any, of GREAT RIVER, at least with respect to certain goods and channels of trade;
- That GREAT RIVER's objections to KIM SENG's use of the d. words QUE HUONG are barred by the doctrine of laches;
- That GREAT RIVER's objections to KIM SENG's use of the e. words QUE HUONG are barred by the doctrine of waiver;
- That GREAT RIVER's objections to KIM SENG's use of the f. words QUE HUONG are barred by the doctrine of estoppel;
- That GREAT RIVER'S objections to KIM SENG'S use of the g. words QUE HUONG are barred because GREAT RIVER has acquiesced in KIM SENG's use of those words for a period of 17 years; and,
 - That KIM SENG's use of the words QUE HUONG is protected h.

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under the fair use doctrine.

- For the entry of a permanent injunction enjoining GREAT RIVER 2. from contacting any of KIM SENG's customers and/or from prosecuting any trademark infringement or unfair competition litigation against them based upon their sale of KIM SENG products bearing the words QUE HUONG; and,
- For such further and other relief as the Court may deem just and 3. proper.

Dated:

May 20, 2005

ROPERS, MAJESKI, KOHN & BENTLEY

TRUC M. LUU

Attorneys for Defendant

KIM SENG COMPANY, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION; AND DOES 1 THROUGH 10,

INCLUSIVE

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Int. Cl.: 30

Prior U.S. Cl.: 46

Reg. No. 2,099,092

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Registered Sep. 23, 1997

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER

QUE HUONG

KIM-SENG COMPANY (CALIFORNIA CORPO-RATION) 4408 WORTH STREET LOS ANGELES, CA 90063

FOR: SAUCES, FISH SAUCE, RICE NOO-DLES AND RICE STICKS, IN CLASS 30 (U.S. CL. 46). FIRST USE 3-0-1993; IN COMMERCE 3-0-1993. THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF "QUE HUONG" IS "ONE'S NATIVE LAND" OR "COUNTRY", OR "ONE'S FATHERLAND".

SER. NO. 75-133,449, FILED 7-12-1996.

GEOFFREY FOSDICK, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

Int. Cl.: 30

Prior U.S. Cl.: 46

Reg. No. 2,311,982

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Registered Jan. 25, 2000

TRADEMARK PRINCIPAL REGISTER



KIM SENG COMPANY (CALIFORNIA CORPO-RATION) 4408 WORTH STREET LOS ANGELES, CA 90063

FOR: STAPLE FOODS, NAMELY, RICE NOO-DLES, RICE STICKS, AND VERMICELLI, IN CLASS 30 (U.S. CL. 46).

FIRST USE 1-0-1988; IN COMMERCE 1-0-1988.

OWNER OF U.S. REG. NO. 2,099,092.

NO CLAIM IS MADE TO THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT TO USE "BRAND", APART FROM THE MARK AS SHOWN.

THE MARK CONSISTS OF THE WORDS "OLDMAN QUE HUONG BRAND", AND THE DISTINCTIVE LOGO OF A BEARDED FARMER.

THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF THE NON-ENGLISH WORDING ON THE SPECIMENS IS AS FOLLOWS: "RICE NOODLES FROM QUE-LAM, THE OLD MAN FROM THE NATIVE LAND BRAND. SPECIALLY-MADE BIG STRAND."

SER. NO. 75-662,906, FILED 3-18-1999.

PAULA MAHONEY, EXAMINING ATTORNEY

Los Angeles

1 **CASE NAME:** DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION v. KIM SENG COMPANY 2 **ACTION NO.:** CV 05-3535 GPS (JTLx) 3 PROOF OF SERVICE 4 I am a citizen of the United States. My business address is 515 South Flower Street, Suite 1100, Los Angeles, CA 90071. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles where this service 5 occurs. I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within cause. I am readily familiar with my employer's normal business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for 6 mailing with the U.S. Postal Service, and that practice is that correspondence is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service the same day as the day of collection in the ordinary course of business. 7 On the date set forth below, following ordinary business practice, I served a true copy of 8 the foregoing document(s) described as: 9 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT AND COUNTER CLAIM 10 (BY FAX) by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the Œ fax number(s) set forth below, or as stated on the attached service list, on 11 this date before 5:00 p.m. 12 (BY MAIL) I caused such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid to 区 be placed in the United States mail at Los Angeles, California. 13 (BY PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand this date to the offices of the addressee(s). 14 (BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered to an П 15 overnight delivery carrier with delivery fees provided for, addressed to the person(s) on whom it is to be served. 16 17 Gary Freedman, Esq. (SBN 49922) Peter W. Ross, Esq. (SBN 109741) Law Offices of Gary Freedman N. Kemba Extavour 18 1149 Third Street, Suite #200 Browne & Woods, LLP Santa Monica, CA 90403 450 North Roxbury Drive, Seventh Floor 19 Phone: (310) 576-2444 Beverly Hills, CA 90210-4231 Fax: (310) 576-2440 20 Phone: (310) 274-7100 Fax: (310) 275-5697 21 22 (Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of × 23 this court at whose direction the service was made. 24 Executed on May 20, 2005, at Los Angeles, California. 25 26 Toni Pierson 27

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Los Angeles

1 CASE NAME: DEREK & CONSTANCE LEE CORPORATION v. KIM SENG **COMPANY** 2 **ACTION NO.:** CV 05-3635 GPS (JTLx) 3 PROOF OF SERVICE 4 I am a citizen of the United States. My business address is 515 South Flower Street, Suite 5 1100, Los Angeles, CA 90071. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles where this service occurs. I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within cause. I am readily familiar with my employer's normal business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for 6 mailing with the U.S. Postal Service, and that practice is that correspondence is deposited with 7 the U.S. Postal Service the same day as the day of collection in the ordinary course of business. 8 On the date set forth below, following ordinary business practice, I served a true copy of the foregoing document(s) described as: 9 MOTION FOR SUSPENSION OF PROCEEDING PENDING OUTCOME OF FEDERAL 10 **CIVIL ACTION** (BY FAX) by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the 11 × fax number(s) set forth below, or as stated on the attached service list, on 12 this date before 5:00 p.m. (BY MAIL) I caused such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid to X 13 be placed in the United States mail at Los Angeles, California. 14 (BY PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand this date to the offices of the addressee(s). 15 (BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered to an overnight delivery carrier with delivery fees provided for, addressed to the 16 person(s) on whom it is to be served. 17 GARY J. NELSON 18 CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE P. O. Box 7068 19 Pasadena, CA 91109-7068 20 (Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of X this court at whose direction the service was made. 21 Executed on November 30, 2005, at Los Angeles, California. 22 23 24 25 26 **ENVELOPE(S):** 27 28

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